

TASMANIAN STATISTICAL INDICATORS

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INQUIRIES

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Mary Eagle on Hobart (03) 6222 5812.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

ISSUE RELEASE DATE 9 January 2004 January 2004 12 February 2004 February 2004 March 2004 11 March 2004 April 2004 8 April 2004 May 2004 11 May 2004 June 2004 10 June 2004

INTRODUCTION

This publication contains latest figures for a comprehensive range of economic indicators. Statistics shown in this publication are the latest available at the date of preparation and may be subject to revision in subsequent issues. Reference should therefore always be made to the latest issue or to the statistical publication on the specific subject.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION

- Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
- The smoothing of seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular components of the seasonally adjusted series and creates trend estimates. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series.
- 4 While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced for the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller and after 3 months have a negligible impact on the series.
- A number of ABS data series will reflect significent and subsequent impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS), introduced in Australia from 1 July 2000. Further information can be found in Information Paper: ABS Statistics and The New Tax System (cat. no. 1358.0).

SYMBOLS AND OTHER **USAGES**

na	not available
np	not available for separate publication (but included in totals
_	where applicable)
nya	not yet available
	not applicable
_	nil or rounded to zero
p	preliminary figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
*	estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and
	50% and should be used with caution
**	estimate has a relative standard error greater than 50% and
	is considered too unreliable for general use.

Stevan R. Matheson Regional Director, Tasmania

MAIN FEATURES

THE LABOUR FORCE

Trend estimates

There were an estimated 224,500 persons (based on *trend* estimates) in the labour force in October 2003 and an estimated 380,500 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 years or more, yielding a labour force participation rate of 59.1%, compared to 58.1% in October 2002. The Australian labour force participation rate for October 2003 was 63.5%, compared to the October 2002 estimate of 63.7% — see table 36 and *Labour Force*, *Australia* (cat. no. 6202.0).

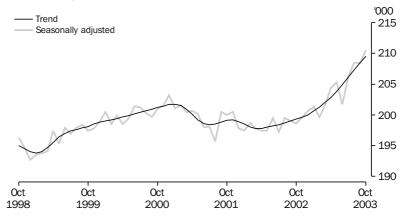
For Tasmanian males, the *trend* estimate of the participation rate was 66.6% in October 2003, compared to the October 2002 estimate of 66.5%. For Tasmanian females, the *trend* estimate of the participation rate was 52.0% in October 2003, compared to 50.2% in October 2002 — see table 3.

EMPLOYMENT

Trend estimates

The *trend* estimate of the total number of employed persons in Tasmania in October 2003 was 209,500, compared to 199,300 in October 2002, an increase of 5.1%. Employment over the same period increased in New South Wales by 1.5%, Victoria by 1.2%, Queensland by 3.6%, South Australia by 2.6% and Western Australia by 0.6%. The increase in the national employment figure over the same period was 1.8% — see table 36 and *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6202.0).

EMPLOYMENT, TASMANIA

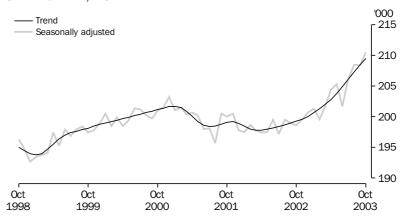


UNEMPLOYMENT

Trend estimates

The *trend* estimate of the number of unemployed persons in Tasmania for October 2003 was 15,000 compared to 18,600 in October 2002. The *trend* estimate of the unemployment rate for October 2003 was 6.7%, a decrease from the October 2002 figure of 8.5%. The Australian *trend* estimate of the unemployment rate was 5.7% in October 2003 compared to 6.1% in October 2002 — see tables 3 and 36, and *Labour Force*, *Australia* (cat. no. 6202.0).

UNEMPLOYMENT, TASMANIA



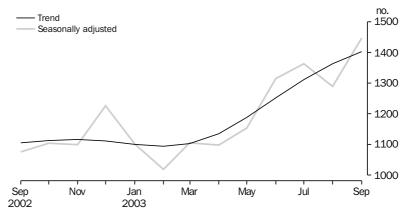
HOUSING FINANCE

Trend estimates

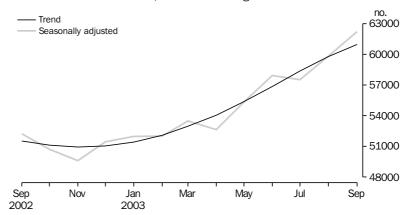
In trend terms, the number of housing finance commitments in Tasmania for September 2003 was 1,403, an increase of 2.9% from the previous month. In the same period, the trend estimate for Australia increased by 2.0%.

The Tasmanian trend estimate increased by 27.0% between September 2002 and September 2003, while the national trend estimate increased by 18.4%. The changes in the number of housing finance commitments over the same period for the other states and territories were New South Wales (15.2%), Victoria (10.4%), Queensland (31.7%), South Australia (16.6%), Western Australia (22.2%), Northern Territory (43.0%) and Australian Capital Territory (5.7%) — see table 26 and Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (cat. no. 5609.).

HOUSING FINANCE TASMANIA, Number of dwellings



HOUSING FINANCE AUSTRALIA, Number of dwellings



BUILDING APPROVALS

Original terms

There were 234 dwelling units approved in Tasmania during September 2003, including 221 new houses. This compares to 247 dwelling units approved during August 2003, including 231 new houses. The number of dwelling units approved in September 2003 increased by 31.5% from the 178 approvals recorded in September 2002.

At current prices, the value of total building approved in Tasmania was \$45.0m in September 2003, which was 15.0% below the August 2003 figure of \$52.9m and 32.1% above the September 2002 figure of \$34.1m. Residential building contributed \$38.6m and non-residential building \$6.5m in September 2003 — see table 25 and *Building Approvals*, *Australia* (cat. no. 8731.0).

SALES OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLES

Trend estimates

In *trend* terms, there were 1,783 new motor vehicles sold in Tasmania in October 2003, compared to 1,698 sold in September 2003. The number of new motor vehicles sold in October 2003 increased by 44.1% from the October 2002 figure of 1,237. Passenger vehicles represented 64.0% of all new vehicles sold in Tasmania in October 2003. Nationally, the *trend* estimate of new motor vehicles sold in October 2003 was 79,774, an increase of 14.9% from the October 2002 figure of 69,428 — see table 31 and *Sales of New Motor Vehicles, Australia* (Electronic Publication) (cat. no. 9314.0).

RETAIL

Trend estimates

In *trend* terms, the estimate of retail turnover in Australia for September 2003 was \$15,348.2m, a 6.8% increase from the September 2002 estimate of \$14,373.9m. In *trend* terms, the estimate of retail turnover in Tasmania for September 2003 was \$328.8m, a 11.8% increase from the September 2002 estimate of \$294.2m — see table 32 and *Retail Trade*, *Australia* (cat. no. 8501.0).

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERING

Trend estimates

In September 2003, the trend estimate for the number of cattle and calves slaughtered increased by 2.7% from August 2003. Over the same period the trend estimate for the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered remained steady, while the trend estimate for the number of pigs slaughtered increased by 0.7%.

The trend estimate for the number of cattle and calves slaughtered in September 2003 was 21,500, up by 15.1% on the estimate for September 2002 and up by 22.2% on the estimate for September 2001.

The trend estimate for the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered in September 2003 was 71,000, up by 17.9% on the estimate for September 2002 and up by 5.9% on the estimate for September 2001.

The trend estimate for the number of pigs slaughtered in September 2003 was 3,900, down by 6.4% on the estimate for September 2002 and down by 20.7% on the estimate for September 2001 — see table 21.

OVERSEAS TRADE

The value of Tasmania's exports for the month of September 2003 was \$168m, a decrease of 35.2% on the month of August 2003. Australia's exports for September 2003 totalled \$9,106m.

Tasmania's major export destinations for the month of September 2003 were Japan (\$38.9m), Hong Kong (\$21.9m) and Korea (\$15.9m). Major commodity groups exported for the month were non-ferrous metals (\$49.1m), fish, crustaceans and molluscs (\$16.9m) and metallic ores and metal scrap (\$8.7m).

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

The Consumer Price Index (All groups) for Hobart increased by 0.2% in the September quarter of 2003. Brisbane recorded the largest increase (1.1%) while Darwin recorded a decrease (-0.1%). The weighted average of the eight capital cities increased by 0.6%.

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1

POPULATION — ORIGINAL

	Estimated resident population	Natural increase(a)	Net estimated migration gain	Total population growth	Annual growth rate(b)
	'000	'000	'000	'000	%
1999–2000	471.4	2.1	-2.2	_	_
2000-01	471.8	2.0	-2.0	0.4	0.08
2001-02	472.7	2.1	-1.2	0.9	0.20
2001					
March qtr	471.8	0.6	-0.2	0.4	0.05
June qtr	471.8	0.4	-0.5	_	0.08
September qtr	471.6	0.2	-0.4	-0.2	0.07
December qtr	472.1	0.8	-0.3	0.5	0.15
2002					
March qtr	472.6	0.6	-0.1	0.5	0.17
June qtr p	472.7	0.5	-0.4	0.1	0.20
September qtr p	473.4	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.37
December qtr p	474.4	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.48
2003					
March qtr	476.2	0.6	1.3	1.8	0.76

⁽a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual state of residence).

Source: Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0).

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BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES(a)

	Births		Deaths		Infant mortality(b)		Marriages	
	no.	rate(c)	no.	rate(d)	no.	rate(e)	no.	rate(f)
1999–2000	5 804	1.82	3 715	7.6	38	6.5	2 648	5.6
2000-01	5 874	1.88	3 827	7.6	43	7.3	2 446	5.2
2001-02	5 975	1.94	3 836	7.4	34	5.7	2 432	5.2
2001								
March qtr	1 476		887		10	6.8	789	
June qtr	1 402		983		10	7.1	711	
September qtr	1 173		987		11	9.4	346	
December qtr	1 765		956		3	1.7	336	
2002								
March qtr	1 528		897		11	7.2	1 091	
June qtr	1 509		996		9	6.0	659	
September qtr	1 539		981		9	5.8	320	
December qtr	1 440		1 108		7	4.9	535	
2003								
March qtr	1 490		934		8	5.4	n.a.	

⁽a) Usual residents of Tasmania.

Source: Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0).

⁽b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

⁽b) Deaths of children under one year of age.

⁽c) Total fertility rate. The sum of age specific fertility rates (live births at each age of a mother per female population of that age). It represents the number of children a woman would bear during her lifetime if she experienced age-specific fertility rates at each age of her reproductive life.

⁽d) Standardised death rate. The overall death rate, per 1,000 persons, that would have prevailed in a standard population if it had experienced at each age the death rates of the population being studied. The standard population used in these calculations is all persons in the 1991 Australian population.

⁽e) Rate per 1,000 live births.

⁽f) Crude marriage rate is the number of marriages registered during the financial year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 31 December of

			Seasonally adj	Trend series(b)				
	Employed	Unemployed	Unemploy- ment rate	Participation rate	Employed	Unemployed	Unemploy- ment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%	'000	'000	%	%
2002				MALES				
October	109.3	10.5	8.8	65.9	110.1	10.9	9.0	66.5
November	111.6	10.0	8.3	66.9	110.3	11.3	9.3	66.8
December	110.2	12.7	10.3	67.5	110.3	11.7	9.6	67.0
2003								
January	110.5	11.7	9.6	67.1	110.3	12.1	9.9	67.1
February	109.1	13.2	10.8	67.0	110.3	12.2	10.0	67.2
March	110.2	12.6	10.3	67.2	110.5	12.0	9.8	67.1
April	111.8	10.6	8.6	66.9	110.9	11.4	9.3	66.9
May	111.8	10.2	8.4	66.6	111.4	10.7	8.8	66.7
June	110.4	11.5	9.4	66.5	111.9	10.1	8.3	66.5
July	113.3	8.0	6.6	66.1	112.4	9.7	7.9	66.5
August	113.0	9.7	7.9	66.7	112.8	9.5	7.7	66.5
September	112.7	9.3	7.6	66.3	113.2	9.3	7.6	66.5
October	113.8	10.0	8.0	67.0	113.4	9.4	7.6	66.6
Octobel	113.0	10.0	0.0	FEMALES	115.4	9.4	7.0	00.0
2002								
October	89.3	7.5	7.8	50.2	89.2	7.7	7.9	50.2
November	88.0	7.2	7.5	49.3	89.3	7.6	7.9	50.2
December	90.5	8.3	8.4	51.1	89.7	7.6	7.8	50.4
2003								
January	90.8	7.1	7.3	50.7	90.4	7.6	7.8	50.7
February	90.6	8.1	8.3	51.0	91.0	7.6	7.7	50.9
March	91.5	7.4	7.5	51.0	91.5	7.5	7.6	51.1
April	92.6	6.6	6.6	51.1	92.0	7.3	7.4	51.2
May	93.5	7.6	7.5	52.0	92.4	7.1	7.2	51.2
June	91.3	7.1	7.2	50.5	93.0	6.8	6.8	51.3
July	92.8	6.8	6.9	51.1	93.7	6.5	6.5	51.4
August	95.5	5.7	5.7	51.9	94.6	6.2	6.1	51.6
September	95.7	5.6	5.5	51.8	95.4	5.9	5.8	51.8
October	96.7	5.6	5.5	52.2	96.1	5.6	5.5	52.0
				PERSONS				
2002 October	198.6	18.0	8.3	57.8	199.3	18.6	8.5	58.1
November	199.6	17.2	7.9	57.8	199.6	18.9	8.7	58.3
December	200.7	20.9	9.4	59.1	200.0	19.3	8.8	58.5
2003	200.1	20.5	5.4	55.1	200.0	15.5	0.0	30.3
	201.3	18.9	8.6	58.6	200.7	19.7	8.9	58.7
January	199.6	21.4	9.7	58.8	201.3	19.8	8.9	58.8
February	201.6	20.0	9.0	58.9	202.0	19.5	8.8	58.8
March	204.4	17.1	7.7	58.8	202.8	18.8	8.5	58.8
April	204.4	17.1	8.0	59.1	202.8	17.8	8.0	58.7
May	205.5	18.6	8.4	58.3	203.8	16.9	7.6	58.7 58.7
June								
July	206.1	14.9	6.7	58.4 50.1	206.1	16.2	7.3	58.7
August	208.5	15.4	6.9	59.1	207.3	15.6	7.0	58.8
September	208.4	14.9	6.7	58.8	208.5	15.2	6.8	58.9
October	210.5	15.6	6.9	59.4	209.5	15.0	6.7	59.1

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0).

Source: Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0).

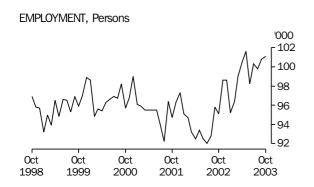
⁽b) Seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's data. The results of the review are used to compile revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates each February. Trend estimates for the most recent months are also revised each month; see Notes on page 2.

	Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%
	HOBART AN	D SOUTHERN STATISTICAL	DIVISIONS	
2001				
October	51.0	6.0	10.6	65.9
2002				
October	50.5	5.1	9.2	64.1
2003				
August	51.7	4.5	8.0	64.4
September	51.9	4.3	7.6	64.5
October	52.0	4.6	8.1	64.3
	NOF	RTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION	NC	
2001				
October	33.5	3.2	8.7	68.5
2002				
October	33.1	2.4	6.9	65.8
2003				
August	33.4	3.2	8.7	69.0
September	34.5	3.6	9.5	69.7
October	34.4	3.4	9.0	70.2
	MERS	EY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVIS	SION	
2001				
October	24.7	2.9	10.4	67.1
2002				
October	24.6	2.6	9.5	66.2
2003				
August	26.5	2.7	9.3	66.6
September	26.2	2.0	7.1	66.4
October	26.3	1.6	5.8	65.2
		TASMANIA		
2001				
October	109.2	12.1	9.9	66.9
2002				
October	108.3	10.1	8.6	65.1
2003				
August	111.6	10.4	8.5	66.3
September	112.6	9.9	8.1	66.5
October	112.7	9.6	7.9	66.2

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001).

Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions (see table 6)





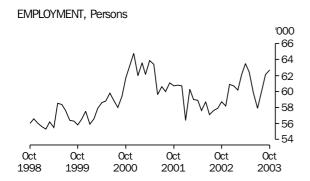
⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using these data.

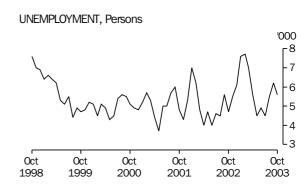
	Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%
	HOBART AN	ID SOUTHERN STATISTICAL	DIVISIONS	
2001				
October	43.8	3.1	6.6	50.2
2002				
October	44.6	2.7	5.7	50.5
2003				
August	48.1	1.9	3.8	53.2
September	48.9	2.0	4.0	54.0
October	49.1	1.8	3.5	53.8
	NOR	THERN STATISTICAL DIVISIO	NS	
2001				
October	27.2	1.6	5.6	51.6
2002				
October	25.6	2.2	8.0	50.4
2003				
August	26.5	2.4	8.2	51.9
September	27.6	2.6	8.5	53.1
October	28.4	2.2	7.1	54.2
	MERSI	EY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVIS	IONS	
2001				
October	18.9	1.9	9.3	49.0
2002				
October	19.1	2.5	11.7	49.2
2003				
August	19.2	1.9	8.9	46.3
September	18.8	1.5	7.6	45.7
October	19.3	1.6	7.7	46.4
		TASMANIA		
2001				
October	89.9	6.7	6.9	50.4
2002				
October	89.3	7.4	7.7	50.2
2003				
August	93.8	6.2	6.2	51.2
September	95.3	6.1	6.0	51.9
October	96.8	5.5	5.4	52.2

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001).

Northern Statistical Division (see table 6)





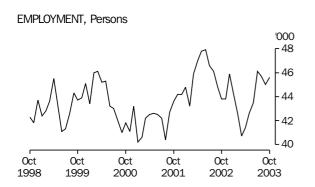
⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using these data.

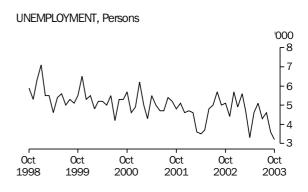
	Total employed	Total unemployed	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	%	%
	HOBART AN	D SOUTHERN STATISTICAL	DIVISIONS	
2001				
October	94.7	9.1	8.8	57.7
2002				
October	95.1	7.8	7.6	57.1
2003				
August	99.8	6.4	6.0	58.6
September	100.8	6.3	5.9	59.1
October	101.1	6.3	5.9	58.9
	NOF	RTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION	ON	
2001				
October	60.7	4.8	7.3	59.9
2002				
October	58.7	4.7	7.4	58.0
2003				
August	59.9	5.5	8.5	60.3
September	62.1	6.2	9.1	61.3
October	62.7	5.6	8.2	62.0
	MERS	EY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVIS	SION	
2001				
October	43.6	4.8	9.9	57.9
2002				
October	43.8	5.1	10.5	57.4
2003				
August	45.7	4.6	9.1	56.3
September	45.0	3.6	7.3	55.8
October	45.6	3.2	6.6	55.6
		TASMANIA		
2001				
October	199.1	18.7	8.6	58.4
2002				
October	197.6	17.6	8.2	57.4
2003				
August	205.4	16.5	7.5	58.5
September	207.9	16.0	7.2	59.0
October	209.4	15.1	6.7	59.0

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0).

Source: Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001).

Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division (see table 6)





⁽b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using these data.

	Employed		Unem	ployed						
	Full time	Total	Looking for full time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15–19	Unemployment rate	Unemployment population ratio	Participation rate
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%
		A	TTENDING NE	EITHER	A SCHOOL	L NOR A	TERTIARY INST	ITUTION FULL-TIM	E	
2001										
October	5.8	7.2	1.8	2.0	9.2	1.4	10.6	21.8	19.0	87.2
2002										
October	5.1	7.1	1.9	1.9	9.1	1.6	10.7	21.4	18.2	84.8
2003										
August	5.7	7.9	1.2	1.4	9.3	1.5	10.8	14.7	12.6	86.1
September	5.8	7.2	*1.0	*1.1	8.3	1.5	9.9	13.5	11.4	84.7
October	5.7	8.4	*0.8	1.3	9.7	*0.8	10.4	13.0	12.1	92.5
			ATTEND	ING SC	HOOL OR	A TERTIA	ARY INSTITUTION	N FULL-TIME		
2001										
October	**0.1	5.8	*0.7	2.3	8.1	15.6	23.7	28.7	9.8	34.3
2002										
October	**0.1	7.2	**0.3	2.5	9.7	13.6	23.3	25.6	10.7	41.6
2003										
August	**0.2	7.4	*0.6	2.3	9.7	13.6	23.3	23.4	9.7	41.6
September	*0.6	8.2	*0.9	2.3	10.5	13.7	24.2	21.6	9.3	43.4
October	**0.1	8.5	*0.6	1.6	10.0	13.6	23.6	15.5	6.6	42.4
						TOTAL				
2001										
October	5.8	13.0	2.5	4.3	17.3	16.9	34.3	25.0	12.6	50.6
2002										
October	5.2	14.3	2.2	4.4	18.8	15.2	34.0	23.6	13.0	55.2
2003										
August	5.9	15.3	1.8	3.6	19.0	15.1	34.0	19.1	10.7	55.7
September	6.3	15.4	1.9	3.4	18.8	15.2	34.0	18.0	10.0	55.3
October	5.8	16.9	1.4	2.8	19.7	14.4	34.0	14.3	8.3	57.8

⁽a) Persons aged 15–19 years. For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0). Care should be exercised when using these series as some estimates are subject to high sampling variability.

Source: ABS data available on request, Labour Force, Estimates; Labour Force, Teenage Employment and Unemployment, Australia, Preliminary, Data Report (cat. no. 6202.0.40.001).

ALL LIMPLOTED PERSONS BY OCCUPA	August 2002	August 2003		Proportion of total employed		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	August 2002	August 2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Managers and administrators						
Generalist managers	2.3	2.9	*0.5	3.3	1.2	1.6
Specialist managers	5.4	3.6	1.3	4.9	2.8	2.4
Farmers and farm managers	6.6	4.2	1.4	5.6	3.3	2.7
Total	14.3	10.7	3.1	13.8	7.3	6.7
Professionals						
Science, building and engineering professionals	3.8	3.3	*1.0	4.3	1.9	2.1
Business and information professionals	6.1	4.1	2.1	6.2	3.1	3.0
Health professionals	7.5	2.0	5.7	7.8	3.8	3.8
Education professionals	9.3	3.3	6.9	10.2	4.7	5.0
Social, arts and miscellaneous professionals	6.0	3.4	2.9	6.3	3.0	3.0
Total	32.5	16.2	18.6	34.7	16.6	16.9
Associate professionals						
Science, engineering and related associate professionals	3.6	1.6	*0.9	2.4	1.8	1.2
Business and administration associate professionals	6.4	3.0	3.3	6.3	3.3	3.1
Managing supervisors (sales and service)	8.0	5.7	4.4	10.1	4.1	4.9
Health and welfare associate professionals	1.5	**0.3	1.2	1.6	0.8	0.8
Other associate professionals	2.9	1.9	*0.8	2.7	1.5	1.3
Total	22.4	12.4	10.6	23.1	11.4	11.2
Tradespersons and related workers						
Mechanical and fabrication engineering tradespersons	4.6	5.3	_	5.3	2.3	2.6
Automotive tradespersons	2.5	3.1	_	3.1	1.3	1.5
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	3.4	4.5	**0.1	4.6	1.8	2.3
Construction tradespersons	5.5	5.6	_	5.6	2.8	2.7
Food tradespersons	1.9	1.2	*0.7	2.0	0.9	1.0
Skilled agricultural and horticultural workers	1.2	1.6	**0.1	1.7	0.6	0.8
Other tradespersons and related workers	4.1	2.4	2.0	4.4	2.1	2.2
Total	23.2	23.8	3.0	26.8	11.8	13.0
Advanced clerical and service workers						
Secretaries and personal assistants	2.4	**0.1	2.3	2.4	1.2	1.2
Other advanced clerical and service workers	3.1	*0.8	3.5	4.3	1.6	2.1
Total	5.5	*0.9	5.8	6.8	2.8	3.3
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers						
Intermediate clerical workers	20.3	5.2	17.2	22.4	10.4	10.9
Intermediate sales and related workers	3.2	2.3	*0.7	3.0	1.6	1.5
Intermediate service workers	12.9	2.5	11.1	13.5	6.6	6.6
Total	36.4	9.9	29.0	38.9	18.5	18.9
Intermediate production and transport workers						
Intermediate plant operators	4.9	5.2	_	5.2	2.5	2.5
Intermediate machine operators	1.6	1.4	*0.6	2.0	0.8	1.0
Road and rail transport drivers	5.9	5.4	*0.8	6.1	3.0	3.0
Other intermediate production and transport workers	3.9	5.4	*0.9	6.3	2.0	3.1
Total	16.3	17.4	2.2	19.6	8.3	9.6
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers						
Elementary clerks	1.3	*0.8	*0.9	1.6	0.7	0.8
Elementary sales workers	18.2	5.3	12.0	17.3	9.3	8.4
Elementary service workers	1.8	1.3	*0.9	2.2	0.9	1.1
Total	21.4	7.4	13.8	21.1	10.9	10.3
Labourers and related workers					20.0	10.0
Cleaners	6.0	1.9	4.2	6.1	3.0	3.0
Factory labourers	6.7	2.4	1.2	3.5	3.4	1.7
Other labourers and related workers	11.8	8.6	2.4	10.9	6.0	5.3
Total	24.4	12.9	7.7	20.6	12.4	10.0
Total employed	196.5	111.6	93.8	205.4	100.0	100.0

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Australian Labour Market Statistics (cat. no. 6105.0).

Source: ABS data available on request, Labour Force, Estimates.

⁽b) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO), Second edition.

				Numbe	er of Employees
	August 2002	November 2002	February 2003	May 2003	August 2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	16.0	16.2	14.2	16.9	16.3
Mining	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.9
Manufacturing	21.3	22.0	22.7	22.8	20.9
Electricity, gas and water supply	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.3
Construction	12.0	11.6	12.1	12.3	13.0
Wholesale trade	7.7	9.3	9.9	9.0	8.4
Retail trade	30.5	31.3	32.6	35.2	34.5
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	7.5	8.8	11.0	11.3	10.6
Transport and storage	8.9	7.7	7.9	7.9	8.5
Communication services	2.7	2.8	1.9	2.8	3.0
Finance and insurance	5.9	5.2	6.6	5.8	5.1
Property and business services	14.4	14.8	16.1	15.2	15.4
Government administration and defence	11.0	12.1	11.8	11.8	12.2
Education	16.0	16.4	15.1	16.9	16.7
Health and community services	24.1	24.4	20.7	21.9	23.5
Cultural and recreational services	5.9	5.6	5.2	4.5	4.4
Personal and other services	8.8	8.2	7.5	8.8	8.7
Total all industries	196.5	200.6	199.1	206.6	205.4

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Australian Labour Market Statistics (cat. no. 6105.0).

Source: ABS data available on request; Labour Force Survey.

10 AVERAGE HOURS WORKED

	Average weekly tota	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons(a)					
	Males	Females	Persons				
2002							
May	38.8	26.8	33.3				
August	38.4	27.1	33.3				
November	39.0	27.0	33.7				
2003							
February	38.0	25.8	32.5				
May	40.4	27.2	34.4				
August	38.3	27.5	33.4				

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).

Source: ABS data available on request; Labour Force Survey.

⁽b) Small movements are subject to high sample variability and should be used with caution.

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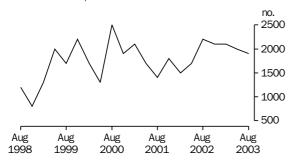
JOB VACANCIES(a)(b)

	no.	rate(c)
	'000	%
2002		
May	*1.7	*1.0
August	*2.2	*1.4
November	*2.1	*1.3
2003		
February	*2.1	*1.2
May	*2.0	*1.2
August	*1.9	*1.1

- (a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Job Vacancies, Australia (cat. no. 6354.0).
- (b) Care should be exercised in using these series as some estimates are subject to high sampling variability.
- (c) Job vacancies expressed as a percentage of the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Source: Job Vacancies, Australia (cat. no. 6354.0).

JOB VACANCIES, TASMANIA



INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES(a)

	Working days lost '000	Twelve months	Working days lost per thousand employees
2002	000	ended	no.
August	0.1	August	18
September	_	September	18
October	_	October	18
November	0.1	November	19
December	1.2	December	20
2003			
January	_	January	20
February	_	February	20
March	_	March	10
April	_	April	10
May	_	May	10
June	_	June	9
July	_	July	9
August	_	August	8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Industrial Disputes, Australia (cat. no. 6321.0).

Source: Industrial Disputes, Australia (cat. no. 6321.0).

			Males			Females			Persons
	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All males total earnings	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All females total earnings	Full-time adult ordinary time earnings	Full-time adult total earnings	All employees total earnings
				ORIG	INAL				
2002									
May	828.00	869.40	713.90	720.10	735.70	451.80	790.00	822.40	579.10
August	841.60	877.90	740.20	748.90	762.20	473.80	812.80	841.80	611.50
November	849.80	887.70	767.60	758.40	772.70	490.40	820.80	851.30	628.20
2003									
February	863.00	903.20	780.40	748.30	762.70	481.90	826.00	858.10	629.90
May	864.00	904.20	759.10	761.90	775.20	485.80	831.10	862.60	619.30
August	864.80	903.30	757.80	758.10	766.20	496.30	831.40	860.40	631.50
				TREN	D(b)				
2002									
May	834.10	872.50	722.80	730.10	746.00	460.20	798.10	828.80	590.30
August	842.20	881.20	743.40	743.10	757.40	473.30	809.50	840.30	608.90
November	850.30	889.00	762.30	751.70	765.10	481.90	819.20	849.80	622.40
2003									
February	858.00	896.60	768.20	755.20	768.80	485.00	825.50	856.40	625.70
May	864.70	904.10	767.40	758.90	772.20	488.40	830.80	862.10	627.00
August	870.90	912.00	766.60	764.20	776.30	493.50	836.40	868.20	630.60

⁽a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

Source: Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

⁽b) ABS trend estimates for the most recent months are revised, see Notes on page 2.

			Inde	ex numbers	Percentage change		
	Dec qtr 2002	Mar qtr 2003	Jun qtr 2003	Sep qtr 2003	Mar qtr 2003 to Jun qtr 2003	Jun qtr 2003 to Sep qtr 2003	
	SELECTED	INDUSTRIES(c)					
Manufacturing	115.9	116.3	117.6	118.1	1.1	0.4	
Retail trade	114.2	115.0	115.6	117.1	0.5	1.3	
Government administration and defence	114.7	115.2	115.2	117.3	_	1.8	
Education	119.9	120.0	123.0	124.1	2.5	0.9	
Health and community services	115.0	115.2	115.5	118.3	0.3	2.4	
All industries(d)	116.2	116.6	117.4	119.0	0.7	1.4	
	SELECTED	OCCUPATIONS					
Professionals	118.1	118.3	120.3	122.0	1.7	1.4	
Associate professionals	116.6	117.0	117.1	118.9	0.1	1.5	
Tradespersons & related workers	114.6	115.0	116.0	116.9	0.9	0.8	
Intermediate clerical, sales & service workers	116.1	116.4	116.6	118.3	0.2	1.5	
Intermediate production & transport workers	117.0	117.4	118.8	119.8	1.2	0.8	
Elementary clerical, sales & service workers	115.5	116.0	116.8	118.9	0.7	1.8	
Labourers & related workers	114.7	114.9	116.0	117.8	1.0	1.6	
All occupations	116.2	116.6	117.4	119.0	0.7	1.4	

⁽a) Base of each index: September quarter 1997 = 100.0.

Source: ABS data available on request; Wage Cost Index.

⁽b) These indexes are a measure of quarterly changes in wage and salary costs for employee jobs. They are one of four sets of indexes that together comprise the Wage Cost Index. For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to Wage Cost Index, Australia (cat. no. 6345.0).

⁽c) Industry is shown at the ANZSIC division level for selected divisions.

⁽d) Excludes Agriculture, forestry and fishing.

	CPI all groups-Hobart	Price index of materials used in house building all groups–Hobart	Price index of materials used in building other than house building all groups–Hobart	Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees(b)
	%	%	%	%
2000-01	5.8	1.8	0.3	3.2
2001-02	2.0	1.9	1.7	4.6
2002-03	3.3	4.1	2.4	_
2001				
September	1.1	1.7	2.0	2.6
December	2.1	1.6	1.2	-4.4
2002				
March	2.3	1.8	1.2	6.1
June	2.7	2.3	2.2	5.2
September	3.5	3.4	2.7	7.2
December	3.1	3.9	2.7	5.2
2003				
March	3.6	4.7	2.1	4.9
June	2.8	4.5	2.1	4.9
September	2.6	4.0	2.0	2.2

⁽a) See note 5 on page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS).

Source: ABS data available on request; Producer Price Index (cat. no. 6427.0); Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0); Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

16 HOUSE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS(a)(b)

	Establishe	ed house price index	Proje	ect home price index
	Index	% change(c)	Index	% change(c)
2000-01	134.2	4.0	140.7	11.5
2001–02	140.1	4.4	145.1	3.1
2002-03	157.1	12.1	158.5	9.2
2001				
June	135.1	1.0	141.8	0.9
September	134.9	-0.1	142.7	0.6
December	138.3	2.5	143.4	0.5
2002				
March	142.1	2.7	144.6	0.8
June	144.9	2.0	149.7	3.5
September	148.9	2.8	152.5	1.9
December	150.8	1.3	154.4	1.2
2003				
March	160.9	6.7	161.2	4.4
June	167.9	4.4	165.7	2.8

⁽a) Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

Source: House Price Indexes: Eight Capital Cities (cat. no. 6416.0).

⁽b) March, June, September and December data relates to February, May, August and November survey dates as published in Average Weekly Earnings, Australia (cat. no. 6302.0).

⁽b) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index.

⁽c) Percentage change over previous period.

						Hobart
	Food	Clothing and Footwear	Housing	Household furnishings, supplies and services	Transportation	Alcohol and tobacco
2000						
September	130.9	112.8	105.5	124.5	133.3	179.8
December	132.0	112.9	105.8	124.6	130.4	181.6
2001						
March	134.3	110.7	106.9	125.6	131.4	185.4
June	136.0	112.2	107.2	126.6	134.6	188.6
September	135.7	109.3	107.4	127.3	131.5	189.4
December	138.2	113.9	107.8	126.9	130.4	189.5
2002						
March	140.4	110.9	109.0	127.6	131.3	191.5
June	141.1	113.3	110.3	127.4	135.9	193.0
September	142.0	107.4	112.4	127.7	134.9	195.5
December	143.0	108.3	113.0	127.8	136.3	196.3
2003						
March	146.0	104.3	115.2	127.5	139.0	198.9
June	146.5	110.1	116.9	128.8	134.3	203.3
September	146.4	103.3	118.3	128.4	136.7	206.5

				Hobart	Weighted avera	ge of eight capital cities
		Education	Index, all groups	% change over previous period, all	Index	% change over previous period
2000						
September	178.0	206.5	131.3	3.8	130.9	3.7
December	177.4	206.5	131.2	-0.1	131.3	0.3
2001						
March	181.5	215.1	132.1	0.7	132.7	1.1
June	181.4	215.1	133.4	1.0	133.8	0.8
September	180.3	215.0	132.8	-0.4	134.2	0.3
December	180.5	215.0	133.9	0.8	135.4	0.9
2002						
March	185.8	221.9	135.2	1.0	136.6	0.9
June	193.6	221.9	137.0	1.3	137.6	0.7
September	193.4	222.7	137.5	0.4	138.5	0.7
December	192.9	222.7	138.0	0.4	139.5	0.7
2003						
March	200.7	233.2	140.0	1.4	141.3	1.3
June	209.1	233.4	140.8	0.6	141.3	_
September	207.8	233.6	141.1	0.2	142.1	0.6

⁽a) Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0.

Source: Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0).

⁽b) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6461.0).

⁽c) As a result of the introduction of the 14th Series Australian CPI there have been changes to some groups and restructuring of some others. See Appendix A2 of the September quarter issue 2000 of Consumer Price Index, Australia (cat. no. 6401.0) for more information.

⁽d) See Note 5 on page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS) introduced on 1 July 2000.

				Index numbers	for selected major	building materials
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
2000-01	120.6	132.6	117.9	131.6	107.6	129.3
2001-02	123.0	137.0	122.7	131.6	104.4	130.2
2002-03	126.3	145.5	134.4	131.6	110.2	132.4
2001						
September	122.3	135.3	117.0	131.6	107.7	129.4
December	123.1	135.3	116.7	131.6	105.6	129.4
2002						
March	123.2	137.6	124.0	131.6	102.5	131.0
June	123.4	139.9	133.2	131.6	101.8	131.0
September	124.0	143.9	133.8	131.6	107.8	132.1
December	124.8	144.0	134.0	131.6	107.0	132.1
2003						
March	126.1	147.0	134.0	131.6	113.1	132.1
June	130.1	147.0	135.9	131.6	112.9	133.1
September	131.0	147.1	137.3	137.9	111.2	133.1

				Index nu	mbers for sele	ected major build	ling materials
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products	Builders hardware	Sand and aggregate	Paint and other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes and fittings
2000-01	107.8	116.8	114.0	119.3	147.9	135.0	185.6
2001-02	107.9	120.3	114.9	123.4	148.7	137.6	180.9
2002-03	110.8	121.5	128.8	123.2	157.6	142.2	176.4
2001							
September	107.8	120.3	113.9	123.4	147.1	137.6	183.2
December	107.9	120.3	114.4	123.6	147.4	137.4	178.1
2002							
March	107.9	120.3	111.4	123.3	147.4	137.6	182.0
June	107.9	120.3	119.7	123.3	152.9	137.9	180.2
September	110.3	120.3	129.7	123.2	157.2	140.2	176.4
December	110.3	120.3	129.7	123.2	157.2	142.4	176.4
2003							
March	110.7	120.3	126.7	123.2	157.2	141.9	176.4
June	111.7	124.9	128.9	123.3	158.8	144.1	176.4
September	112.9	124.9	132.3	123.3	156.5	145.2	180.4
For footnotes see	e end of table.						continued

	All electrical materials		All n	nechanical services	All plumbing materials		
	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period	Index	% change over previous period	
2000-01	117.3	-0.3	118.2	-1.7	132.7	4.5	
2001-02	118.5	1.0	120.9	2.3	132.4	-0.2	
2002-03	117.9	-0.5	122.5	1.3	135.1	2.0	
2001							
September	118.2	0.3	119.8	0.7	131.8	-1.6	
December	118.7	0.4	120.1	0.3	130.4	-1.1	
2002							
March	119.5	0.7	121.8	1.4	133.4	2.3	
June	117.7	-1.5	122.0	0.2	133.8	0.3	
September	117.5	-0.2	122.1	0.1	135.0	0.9	
December	117.6	0.1	122.5	0.3	135.3	0.2	
2003							
March	117.8	0.2	122.6	0.1	134.8	-0.4	
June	118.6	0.7	122.6	_	135.2	0.3	
September	119.6	0.8	123.3	0.6	136.8	1.2	

All group	All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services			
% change over previou Index perio		hange over previous period	% cha Index	
119.3 0.		1.2	120.5	2000–01
121.3 1.		1.3	122.1	2001–02
124.2 2.		2.9	125.7	2002–03
				2001
120.3		-0.1	121.2	September
120.5		=	121.2	December
				2002
121.6		0.8	122.2	March
122.8		1.3	123.8	June
123.5		0.9	124.9	September
123.7 0.		0.2	125.1	December
				2003
124.2		0.4	125.6	March
125.4 1.		1.3	127.2	June
126.0 0.		0.6	127.9	September

Source: ABS data available on request; Producer Price Index (cat. no. 6427.0).

			Dairy products(a)	Staff hours worked			
	Whole milk(b)	Factory butter(c)	Factory cheese(d)	Textile manufacturing(e)	Vegetable preserving		
	million litres	tonnes	tonnes	'000	'000		
2000-01	589.7	5 949	32 355	938	1 037		
2001-02	671.4	7 368	35 155	975	1 062		
2002-03	585.4	na	31 632	1 022	1 344		
2002							
September	58.7	na	3 809	82	72		
October	82.8	na	2 711	99	82		
November	84.4	na	3 683	97	99		
December	77.7	na	4 312	67	118		
2003							
January	63.4	na	3 615	70	97		
February	48.1	na	3 208	85	134		
March	42.4	na	3 337	87	131		
April	34.9	na	2 251	78	136		
May	31.8	na	2 113	96	164		
June	20.0	na	1 651	73	125		
July	14.6	na	na	90	126		
August	26.3	na	na	84	129		
September	54.4	na	na	77	84		

	Refined zinc	Metallurgical refining	Electricity
	'000 tonnes	Index(f)	million kW.h
2000-01	233.1	138.4	10 150
2001–02	251.7	140.8	10 210
2002-03	253.4	144.1	10 460
2002			
September	21.6	144.8	(Sep qtr) 2 800
October	19.6	143.7	
November	20.2	142.2	
December	21.0	145.7	(Dec qtr) 2 530
2003			
January	21.1	146.7	
February	19.9	132.8	
March	22.2	148.0	(Mar qtr) 2 430
April	22.0	145.8	
May	23.2	150.6	
June	22.4	149.4	(Jun qtr) 2 700
July	20.3	146.0	
August	19.6	141.7	
September	22.0	144.5	(Sep qtr) 2 920

⁽a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation.

Source: ABS data available on request; Employees Hours Worked Survey; Monthly Production Survey; Manufacturing Survey.

⁽b) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake.

⁽c) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. From July 2002 the Australian Dairy Corporation advised that Factory butter production data are confidential.

⁽d) From July 2003 the Australian Dairy Corporation advised that factory cheese production data are confidential.

⁽e) Includes spinning, weaving and carpet making. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant.

⁽f) Metallurgical refining index (Base year: 1979-80 = 00.0). Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 manufacturing census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product.

		Cattle				
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves	Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
2000-01	90.2	94.2	49.7	364.7	416.1	57.6
2001-02	80.6	79.4	44.6	275.8	426.4	53.1
2002-03	79.9	112.9	41.2	388.3	374.0	47.7
2001						
September	5.0	4.0	16.2	15.8	36.3	5.1
2002						
September	4.2	2.7	12.6	15.8	29.1	3.8
October	5.2	9.5	5.2	18.0	32.6	3.6
November	7.6	10.8	1.3	24.7	32.6	4.4
December	6.1	8.0	0.4	27.7	25.8	5.0
2003						
January	8.4	11.6	0.3	45.2	35.9	4.0
February	7.8	10.8	0.2	47.9	31.7	3.5
March	7.0	11.5	0.5	55.5	28.1	3.6
April	6.1	12.7	1.0	41.4	23.8	3.5
May	7.6	13.5	1.1	47.5	34.0	4.3
June	5.0	10.7	0.8	27.5	30.7	3.8
July	4.0	10.9	1.4	30.4	39.5	4.0
August	4.8	7.7	16.8	19.1	38.6	3.9
September	4.3	7.0	15.5	21.8	27.3	3.7

21 LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERING — SEASONALLY ADJUSTED(a) AND TREND(b)

		Seaso	nally adjusted		Trend	
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
2001						
September	17.5	70.8	5.4	17.6	67.0	4.9
2002						
September	13.0	61.2	3.9	18.7	60.2	4.2
October	20.9	55.5	4.0	20.0	59.1	4.3
November	22.9	59.6	4.8	21.3	59.2	4.4
December	21.3	57.8	4.3	22.5	60.4	4.4
2003						
January	24.8	64.5	4.7	23.0	62.3	4.3
February	23.3	63.7	3.9	22.7	64.4	4.1
March	21.7	69.4	3.3	21.9	66.5	4.0
April	20.5	66.8	3.5	20.9	68.1	3.8
May	20.1	71.7	3.9	20.3	69.3	3.8
June	18.3	61.4	3.5	20.2	70.1	3.8
July	19.9	80.6	4.1	20.5	70.7	3.8
August	23.5	69.8	4.1	21.0	71.1	3.9
September	21.7	68.2	3.7	21.5	71.0	3.9

⁽a) Seasonally adjusted factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The results of the review are used to compile revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates; see Notes page 2.

Source: ABS data available on request; Livestock Slaughtered.

⁽b) ABS trend estimates for the most recent months are revised; see Notes page 2.

	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pig meat(b)	Total
	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes	tonnes
2000-01	48 771	996	7 232	8 014	3 583	68 596
2001-02	43 923	899	5 416	8 466	3 159	61 863
2002-03	51 376	826	7 495	7 439	2 715	69 851
2001						
September	2 500	317	311	721	314	4 163
2002						
September	1 967	244	304	591	222	3 328
October	3 825	101	348	690	207	5 171
November	5 041	27	482	634	250	6 433
December	3 984	10	541	493	272	5 300
2003						
January	5 637	9	885	706	223	7 460
February	5 135	7	925	613	196	6 876
March	4 872	14	1 076	552	206	6 720
April	4 765	23	793	461	192	6 233
May	5 538	26	903	682	248	7 396
June	4 026	19	532	613	219	5 408
July	3 727	30	582	803	227	5 368
August	3 332	322	370	778	225	5 026
September	3 061	301	430	556	204	4 553

⁽a) Carcass weight.

Source: ABS data available on request; Livestock Slaughtered.

23 PRINCIPAL MINERAL CONCENTRATES PRODUCED

	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Lead	Tin	Zinc
	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes	'000 tonnes
2000-01	105.4	2 027.3	40.6	14.8	143.2
2001-02	115.0	2 151.6	35.6	12.4	138.7
2002-03	108.1	2 142.3	42.2	nya	141.9
2001					
September	32.5	487.8	8.9	3.1	35.2
December	30.9	554.1	8.4	3.6	37.9
2002					
March	28.0	533.5	9.9	2.7	33.3
June	23.6	576.3	8.5	3.0	32.4
September	34.5	513.1	9.7	3.7	39.0
December	25.4	516.3	9.2	1.7	31.4
2003					
March	25.6	578.7	12.4	2.4	35.0
June	22.7	534.2	10.8	nya	36.5
September	22.9	560.8	9.2	nya	34.0
Source: Mineral Resources T	Tasmania, Department of Infras	structure, Energy and Reso	ources.		

⁽b) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

	Tasmanian-grown logs delivered						Sawn, pee	led and sliced	d timber pro	oduced(b)
	Eucalypts	Hardwoods, excluding eucalypts(c)	Plant- ation(d) softwoods	Native soft- woods(e)	Total	Eucalypts	Hardwoods, excluding eucalypts(c)	Plant- ation(d) softwoods	Native soft- woods(e)	Total
	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³	'000 m³
2000-01	468.5	24.8	369.9	2.6	865.8	157.9	6.3	174.1	0.2	338.6
2001-02	513.9	31.7	447.2	0.9	993.8	170.2	8.1	208.9	0.3	387.4
2002-03	525.0	25.9	509.8	2.5	1 063.2	163.3	6.7	228.0	0.5	398.5
2001										
September	129.8	5.6	115.9	0.1	251.4	42.1	1.8	50.9	0.1	95.0
December	115.0	8.9	94.3	0.1	218.4	37.8	2.2	48.4	0.1	88.3
2002										
March	116.2	10.3	121.6	0.3	248.5	41.6	2.7	53.6	0.1	97.9
June	152.8	6.9	115.4	0.3	275.4	48.7	1.4	56.0	0.1	106.2
September	143.4	5.4	122.3	0.2	271.3	44.7	1.4	58.8	0.1	105.0
December	142.6	5.3	143.6	1.0	292.5	41.3	1.8	55.9	0.1	99.1
2003										
March	113.8	8.1	124.8	0.5	247.1	36.5	1.6	56.5	0.1	94.6
June	125.2	7.1	119.2	8.0	252.3	40.9	1.9	56.9	0.2	99.8
September	157.2	4.9	133.2	0.2	295.4	46.4	1.7	64.4	_	112.5

⁽a) Separate data for logs delivered and sourced from Crown and Private land is available on request.

Source: ABS data available on request, Forest Products Survey.

⁽b) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement.

⁽c) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc.

⁽d) Radiata pine.

⁽e) Includes Huon pine, Celery Top pine and King William pine.

									Value(e)
			Dwe	elling units				residential buildings(d)	
	New houses	New other residential buildings(a)	Other dwelling units created (conversions etc.)(b)	Total dwelling units	New dwelling units	Alterations and additions to residential buildings(c)	Private	Total	Total of all building
	no.	no.	no.	no.	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
2000-01	1 108	80	10	1 198	127.5	43.1	95.2	152.5	323.0
2001-02	1 878	141	13	2 032	221.0	51.7	113.6	168.0	440.7
2002-03	1 957	164	17	2 138	260.7	62.4	147.8	r 200.8	r 524.0
2002									
September	172	6	_	178	20.8	4.3	7.6	r 8.9	r 34.1
October	151	19	2	172	19.4	6.2	8.5	10.3	36.0
November	142	3	_	145	16.9	3.4	6.2	12.5	32.8
December	189	9	_	198	24.3	5.6	7.4	9.8	39.6
2003									
January	137	2	2	141	18.3	5.2	18.6	24.1	47.6
February	146	4	2	152	18.3	5.1	9.5	17.0	40.4
March	175	7	1	183	22.8	5.6	15.5	17.4	45.7
April	146	23	4	173	22.5	3.9	9.7	20.5	46.8
May	186	62	3	251	26.8	6.4	15.4	16.0	49.2
June	167	21	1	189	26.9	6.3	15.3	27.6	60.8
July	223	36	1	260	40.3	6.7	8.5	16.3	63.3
August	231	8	8	247	32.6	7.3	10.1	13.0	52.9
September	221	12	1	234	32.2	6.4	6.5	6.5	45.0

⁽a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Source: Building Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0).

⁽b) From alterations and additions to residential building, conversions of non-residential building to residential building etc.

⁽c) Valued at \$10,000 and over. Includes conversions and dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions or as part of the construction of non-residential building.

⁽d) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$50,000 and over.

⁽e) Value data from July 2000 reference month onward are recorded inclusive of GST. See Building Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0) or page 2 of this publication for more details.

		Total number of dwellings(a)			Total value of commitments		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	
	no.	no.	no.	\$m	\$m	\$m	
2002							
September	990	1 076	1 105	91	96	98	
October	1 158	1 104	1 113	105	103	100	
November	1 153	1 099	1 117	105	98	103	
December	1 174	1 226	1 112	111	111	104	
2003							
January	977	1 102	1 101	91	112	105	
February	1 015	1 019	1 094	99	99	107	
March	1 152	1 106	1 103	114	106	110	
April	1 074	1 098	1 135	106	116	114	
May	1 283	1 153	1 188	128	114	121	
June	1 249	1 315	1 252	128	135	128	
July	1 365	1 364	1 312	142	138	134	
August	1 303	1 289	1 364	135	134	140	
September	1 347	1 447	1 403	144	148	144	

 $[\]hbox{(a) Includes new dwellings, established dwellings and refinancing. Excludes alterations and additions.}\\$

Source: Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (cat. no. 5609.0).

⁽b) Commitment is a firm offer of housing finance. It either has been, or is normally expected to be, accepted. Includes commitments to provide housing finance to employees and commitments accepted and cancelled in the same month. Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

			Asset	setInd			
	Buildings and structures	Equipment, plant and machinery	Total asset	Mining	Manufacturing	Other selected industries	Total all industries
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
2000-01	133	466	600	87	162	352	600
2001-02	444	518	962	57	154	752	962
2002-03	254	633	888	44	240	603	888
2001							
June	28	136	164	25	50	89	164
September	67	122	189	15	41	134	189
December	103	107	210	11	42	157	210
2002							
March	136	120	256	17	36	203	256
June	138	169	307	14	35	258	307
September	88	101	189	9	33	147	189
December	55	213	268	13	69	186	268
2003							
March	73	151	224	14	89	121	224
June	38	168	207	8	49	149	207

⁽a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only — mining, manufacturing, and

Source: Private New Capital Expenditure and Expected Expenditure (cat. no. 5625.0).

⁽b) Current prices.

⁽c) See Private New Capital Expenditure and Expected Expenditure (cat. no. 5625.0) or page 2 of this issue on the impacts of The New Tax System (TNTS) introduced on 1 July 2000.

⁽d) There have been significant revisions to all data contained in this issue. For more information see "Revisions in this Issue" on pages 3 and 4 of Private New Capital Expenditure and Expected Expenditure, September Quarter 2002 (cat. no. 5625.0).

	Establish-	Guest	Bed	Persons	Room nights	Room occupancy	Guest	Bed occupancy	Guest	Takings from
	ments	rooms	spaces	employed	occupied	rate	nights	rate	arrivals	accommodation(b)
	no.	no.	no.	no.	'000	%	'000	%	'000	\$'000
				LICENSE	D HOTELS V	VITH FACILITIE	ES			
2002										
March qtr	53	2 899	7 945	2 700	166.9	64.0	286.0	40.0	158.4	15 745
2003										
January	na	na	na	na	52.0	59.1	95.8	39.1	52.3	5 188
February	na	na	na	na	53.9	67.7	89.7	40.6	50.5	5 266
March	na	na	na	na	64.4	73.1	106.4	43.5	59.0	6 433
March qtr	52	2 840	7 898	2 468	170.3	66.6	291.9	41.1	161.8	16 888
			M	OTELS AND	GUEST HOU	SES WITH FA	CILITIES			
2002										
March qtr	49	1 650	5 124	695	99.2	66.8	199.9	43.3	107.7	9 216
2003										
January	na	na	na	na	38.2	68.6	82.1	49.1	42.5	4 003
February	na	na	na	na	36.1	71.8	69.5	46.0	38.7	3 557
March	na	na	na	na	43.0	77.3	83.6	50.0	47.2	4 171
March qtr	55	1 795	5 394	1 050	117.3	72.6	235.2	48.4	128.5	11 731
				SEI	RVICED APA	RTMENTS				
2002										
March gtr	26	1 009	3 407	531	62.7	69.0	144.5	47.1	61.1	7 463
2003										
January	na	na	na	na	25.8	73.7	67.8	55.3	28.7	3 252
February	na	na	na	na	23.4	74.1	50.8	45.9	23.5	2 738
March	na	na	na	na	27.8	79.6	60.7	49.4	27.8	3 306
March qtr	31	1 128	3 958	559	77.0	75.9	179.3	50.3	80.0	9 297
				TOT	AL ESTABLI	SHMENTS				
2002										
March gtr	128	5 558	16 476	3 926	328.8	65.7	630.4	42.5	327.3	32 424
2003										
January	na	na	na	na	116.0	64.9	245.7	45.9	123.5	12 444
February	na	na	na	na	113.4	70.3	210.0	43.5	112.8	11 562
March	na	na	na	na	135.2	75.7	250.7	46.9	134.0	13 911
March gtr	138	5 763	17 250	4 077	364.6	70.3	706.4	45.5	370.3	37 916

⁽a) Comprising establishments with 15 or more rooms or units. For explanation of terms and concepts refer to Tourist Accommodation, Australia (cat. no. 8635.0).

Source: Tourist Accommodation, Australia (cat. no. 8635.0). For more detailed information, see Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Tasmania (cat. no. 8635.6.40.001).

⁽b) 'Takings from accommodation' after 1 July 2000 are recorded inclusive of GST. See Tourist Accommodation, Australia (cat. no. 8635.0) or page 2

		Tasmanian National Park attendanc										
	Cradle Mountain(b) (Lake Dove)	Lake St Clair(b) (Cynthia Bay)	Mt Field(b)	Freycinet(c)	Narawntapu(d) (Bakers Beach)	Mole Creek Karst(e) (Marakoopa Cave)	Maria Island(f) (Darlington)					
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.					
2000-01	168 700	111 800	138 700	273 000	34 300	26 788	12 820					
2001-02	178 600	107 800	133 900	273 300	35 800	26 103	12 598					
2002-03	209 000	134 500	147 200	318 000	38 900	28 648	13 337					
2002												
October	14 300	10 300	9 800	p 19 500	2 400	2 328	983					
November	17 200	12 300	12 000	p 27 100	4 200	2 711	1 509					
December	23 400	14 400	16 700	p 36 600	4 700	4 506	1 479					
2003												
January	34 900	22 600	24 900	p 57 800	7 100	4 505	2 025					
February	22 700	18 000	16 700	p 39 700	4 000	2 676	1 366					
March	24 900	18 500	15 700	p 36 700	4 200	2 632	1 576					
April	26 600	16 400	16 300	p 32 400	3 900	2 837	1 344					
May	11 400	6 700	9 600	p 16 000	1 800	1 652	886					
June	8 900	3 700	5 700	p 11 100	1 700	1 428	489					
July	10 200	3 800	5 900	p 10 800	1 300	929	280					
August	8 700	2 800	6 200	p 10 700	1 600	809	187					
September	13 900	6 700	9 000	p 16 800	2 100	2 077	527					
October	17 200	10 500	11 500	p 22 900	2 500	2 062	774					

⁽a) A 'person entry' occurs whenever a visitor enters a National Park. Freycinet data, in particular, reflects repeat entries. Measurement occurs at the designated sites in brackets.

Source: Tasmanian Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

⁽b) Estimated through a combination of traffic and booth counts.

⁽c) As of July 2002, estimates of person entries is derived using traffic counts only. As a result, pre and post-July 2002 data are not strictly comparable.

⁽d) Estimated through traffic counts.

⁽e) Number of people taken on a guided tour.

⁽f) The sum of ferry arrivals only. From July 2000, excludes estimated plane passengers. Services disrupted during December 2002.

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TRACKS IN NATIONAL PARKS, WALKER REGISTRATIONS(a)

	Overland(b)	South Coast(c)	Freycinet(d)	Port Davey(c)	Frenchmans Cap
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
2000-01	7 273	915	3 002	208	753
2001-02	7 537	1 099	3 512	229	644
2002-03	8 154	p 957	3 143	p 173	826
2002					
October	222	11	128	_	6
November	670	76	466	16	75
December	1 398	182	372	31	106
2003					
January	1 702	259	810	67	195
February	1 388	185	331	22	156
March	1 182	p 110	276	13	91
April	1 173	p 91	279	16	115
May	135	p 12	34	p 4	33
June	59	p 4	73	p 1	14
July	69	p 2	60	p —	11
August	26	р —	25	p —	4
September	141	р —	68	p —	5
October	203	p 6	66	p —	24

⁽a) Numbers include only walkers who registered and represented their intention.

Source: Tasmanian Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

⁽b) Sum of registrations at Cradle Mt and Lake St Clair.

⁽c) Sum of registrations to walk the length of the track in any direction, irrespective of starting point.

⁽d) All overnight walkers registered in the park.

	Passenger vehicles	Other vehicles	Total	Change from corresponding month of previous year
	no.	no.	no.	%
		DRIGINAL		
2000-01	9 944	4 693	14 637	
2001–02	9 467	5 295	14 762	
2002-03	9 017	6 384	15 401	
2002				
October	707	496	1 203	-4.3
November	869	529	1 398	-2.0
December	1 063	521	1 584	-15.4
2003				
January	591	434	1 025	3.6
February	619	450	1 069	-1.9
March	723	495	1 218	11.4
April	631	546	1 177	6.7
May	743	711	1 454	8.3
June	821	728	1 549	19.7
July	802	605	1 407	19.8
August	1 059	530	1 589	21.2
September	1 129	510	1 639	32.3
October	1 295	713	2 008	66.9
		TREND		
2000-01	9 887	4 691	14 579	
2001-02	9 504	5 266	14 771	
2002-03	9 176	6 379	15 555	
2002				
October	712	525	1 237	1.6
November	710	523	1 233	-1.7
December	717	519	1 236	-3.1
2003				
January	733	518	1 251	-2.3
February	756	523	1 279	0.3
March	784	536	1 320	4.5
April	811	550	1 361	8.3
May	841	563	1 404	11.5
June	881	577	1 458	15.3
July	936	592	1 528	20.6
August	1 003	608	1 611	27.8
September	1 072	626	1 698	36.1
October	1 141	642	1 783	44.1

⁽a) These statistics are based on the VFACTS series produced by the Federal Chamber of Automotive Industries. VFACTS reports the numbers of new motor vehicle sales by dealers and direct sales by manufacturers throughout Australia.

Source: Sales of New Motor Vehicles (cat. no. 9314.0.55.001).

	_							Irend
								Total(d)
	Original	Food retailing	Clothing and soft good retailing	Household good retailing	Recreational good retailing	Hospitality and services		Change from corresponding period of previous year
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	%
2000-01	3 222.4	1 401.0	158.9	479.8	180.9	377.9	3 230.1	6.0
2001-02	3 384.3	1 450.3	190.1	520.1	192.9	364.8	3 387.1	4.9
2002-03	3 582.2	1 470.0	199.7	580.2	187.2	400.4	3 596.0	6.2
2002								
September	269.6	121.3	16.6	47.0	15.7	32.9	294.2	7.1
October	297.9	121.6	16.5	46.9	15.6	33.1	295.1	6.7
November	313.1	121.8	16.5	46.8	15.4	32.9	296.2	6.3
December	387.9	121.9	16.5	46.9	15.3	32.7	297.3	5.9
2003								
January	299.5	122.0	16.6	47.2	15.2	32.5	298.1	5.3
February	270.6	122.1	16.7	47.8	15.0	32.6	299.1	4.8
March	296.8	122.6	16.7	48.7	15.0	33.2	301.1	4.6
April	298.6	123.6	16.7	50.0	15.3	34.1	304.5	5.1
May	307.4	125.0	16.7	51.5	15.9	35.4	309.4	6.2
June	287.7	126.6	16.8	53.0	16.8	36.7	314.8	7.8
July	309.9	128.2	16.8	54.5	17.8	37.8	320.1	9.3
August	307.0	129.7	16.9	55.8	18.8	38.8	324.9	10.7
September	309.8	130.9	16.9	56.8	19.7	39.6	328.8	11.8

⁽a) Excludes motor vehicles, parts, petrol, etc.

Source: Retail Trade, Australia (cat. no. 8501.0).

⁽b) ABS retail seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for earlier periods are revised each month. See Retail Trade, Australia (cat. no. 8501.0) for more details.

⁽c) Data from July 2000 reference month onwards are recorded inclusive of GST. See Retail Trade, Australia (cat. no. 8501.0) and page 2 of this publication for more details. A break in the trend series occurred between June and July 2000 because of the impact of The New Tax System on retail turnover.

⁽d) Includes Department stores and Other retailing.

				Tasmania				Australia
	Imports	Imports change over preceding period	Exports	Exports change over preceding period	Imports	Imports change over preceding period	Exports(b)	Exports change over preceding period
	\$m	%	\$m	%	\$m	%	\$m	%
2000-01	524	19	2 435	10	118 317	7	119 539	23
2001-02	518	-1	2 388	-2	119 649	1	121 108	1
2002-03	763	47	2 454	3	r 133 130	11	r 115 452	-5
2002								
September	44	-9	185	-18	10 824	-5	9 916	-4
October	42	-5	183	-1	11 893	10	10 416	5
November	30	-28	257	40	11 646	-2	9 998	-4
December	42	37	210	-18	12 129	4	10 406	4
2003								
January	39	-7	198	-6	10 900	-10	8 927	-14
February	47	20	184	-7	10 226	-6	9 056	1
March	30	-35	221	21	10 786	5	r 9 868	9
April	52	71	205	r -7	r 10 947	1	r 8 694	-12
May	32	-39	232	13	r 10 372	-5	r 8 975	3
June	35	9	163	-30	r 10 718	3	r 8 796	-2
July	r 52	r 49	180	11	r 10 606	-1	r 8 517	-3
August	47	-9	r 260	44	r 10 876	r 3	r 9 091	7
September	43	-7	168	-35	11 493	6	9 106	_

⁽a) It is difficult to get a complete picture of Tasmania's trade performance as imports recorded by the ABS include only goods imported directly into the State from overseas, and reported by the Australian Customs Service. Many of Tasmania's goods imported for direct consumption, or input into further processing industries, arrive via interstate ports, and are not included in this table.

Source: ABS data available on request, International Trade.

⁽b) Includes re-exports.

	_	Europea	n Community					East Asia	
	United States of America	United Kingdom	Total European Community	Japan	Korea	Taiwan	Hong Kong	ASEAN(a)	Total all countries
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2000-01	229 841	37 169	154 043	573 314	183 972	214 042	252 793	390 642	2 435 416
2001-02	295 301	35 702	129 225	547 903	223 208	153 819	263 275	347 321	2 387 806
2002-03	r 230 809	r 39 150	r 215 868	588 373	r 247 373	r 149 217	326 211	r 303 614	r 2 453 974
2002									
September	10 027	4 012	16 254	41 879	24 133	9 507	28 449	25 207	184 956
October	14 462	1 175	9 195	53 803	25 511	10 861	11 353	29 069	183 035
November	74 124	2 704	7 876	44 174	23 738	15 083	33 495	19 355	256 503
December	5 749	2 767	20 498	57 329	18 621	18 795	33 278	25 558	210 267
2003									
January	15 865	2 233	4 036	53 432	21 321	9 564	36 113	26 049	197 626
February	17 035	1 749	15 230	43 546	26 884	9 995	21 792	17 837	183 614
March	17 017	11 159	r 26 642	46 931	r 17 118	r 10 050	36 933	r 27 312	r 221 326
April	r 21 282	2 102	16 556	50 082	r 19 745	14 815	22 998	r 34 999	r 204 792
May	12 961	r 2 801	r 68 181	49 557	r 16 709	10 509	13 829	r 23 879	r 231 736
June	r 9 449	1 196	6 522	48 338	10 015	8 553	30 289	r 15 368	r 162 797
July	r 30 546	r 1 887	4 197	47 026	r 20 834	r 9 471	19 021	r 17 179	r 180 474
August	r 91 478	r 1 650	r 5 063	r 44 596	15 664	r 12 292	r 32 218	r 26 733	r 259 545
September	9 156	5 438	14 024	38 908	15 890	13 633	21 854	17 099	168 229

⁽a) ASEAN member countries are: Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam.

Source: ABS data available on request, International Trade.

	Meat and meat preparations	Dairy product & eggs	Fish, crustaceans and molluscs	Vegetables and fruit	Wood and woodchips(a)	Textile fibres and wastes	Metallic ores and metal scrap
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2000-01	88 773	101 006	176 737	49 788	31 816	21 248	242 366
2001-02	75 541	114 682	174 885	60 759	43 788	23 797	188 273
2002-03	76 222	89 360	r 163 468	r 61 144	r 38 121	33 189	167 827
2002							
September	4 246	7 112	14 790	2 423	4 404	1 006	10 391
October	4 485	4 384	10 511	1 075	3 214	2 583	5 832
November	5 893	6 152	16 548	637	4 281	1 380	21 402
December	10 074	10 375	22 076	1 392	4 660	3 731	13 941
2003							
January	5 623	9 215	18 286	2 960	375	706	18 554
February	7 372	6 573	11 892	3 636	2 083	4 729	15 641
March	7 862	11 672	11 685	r 9 962	r 3 643	12 534	10 289
April	7 117	10 044	9 726	r 13 041	r 3 434	798	5 772
May	6 689	r 6 795	10 096	r 14 427	1 511	296	14 917
June	5 364	4 711	6 421	4 321	r 1 958	491	17 252
July	r 5 316	4 992	r 14 380	2 561	r 3 375	2 898	7 994
August	r 4 515	r 5 195	r 15 872	r 1 963	r 961	r 657	3 282
September	3 894	4 602	16 924	1 333	2 543	3 076	8 711

	Paper and paperboard	Iron and steel	Non-ferrous metals	Road vehicles and transport equipment	Other and combined confidential items(b)	Total all commodity groups
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2000-01	3 444	4 209	793 286	107 374	815 368	2 435 416
2001-02	14 208	2 894	762 015	106 156	820 806	2 387 806
2002-03	26 953	2 911	r 750 995	132 056	r 911 726	r 2 453 974
2002						
September	1 355	258	64 723	21	74 225	184 956
October	1 141	170	62 728	2 743	84 169	183 035
November	1 684	152	67 425	62 466	68 483	256 503
December	1 746	827	63 852	196	77 397	210 267
2003						
January	2 288	149	66 796	106	72 569	197 626
February	2 823	237	51 561	260	76 808	183 614
March	3 347	211	r 64 981	8 190	r 76 950	r 221 326
April	3 760	244	r 64 201	609	86 046	r 204 792
May	3 618	47	r 47 853	56 501	r 68 985	r 231 736
June	2 840	236	49 140	822	r 69 241	r 162 797
July	2 178	198	r 66 080	99	r 70 404	r 180 474
August	r 2 022	150	r 77 070	77 747	r 70 112	r 259 545
September	1 937	291	49 068	310	75 539	168 229

⁽a Hardwood woodchips exports are confidential for Tasmania from June 2000.

Source: ABS data available on request, International Trade.

⁽b) Includes medical & pharmaceutical products from January 2002.

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	Aust.(a)
Population							
Estimated resident population, March 2003 ('000) p	6 691.8	4 929.8	3 774.3	1 528.2	1 951.3	476.2	19 875.0
Proportion of Australian population, March 2003 (%) p	33.7	24.8	19.0	7.7	9.8	2.4	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to March 2003 (%) p	0.9	1.4	2.4	0.6	1.5	0.8	1.3
Labour force							
Employment growth, October 2002 to October 2003 (trend series) (%)							
Males	1.3	3.2	2.4	2.2	2.0	3.0	2.1
Females	1.7	-1.2	5.0	3.0	-1.3	7.8	1.3
Persons	1.5	1.2	3.6	2.6	0.6	5.1	1.8
Unemployment rate (trend series), October 2003 (%)	5.6	5.3	6.3	6.0	6.2	6.7	5.7
Unemployment growth, October 2002 to October 2003 (trend series) (%)	-2.9	-6.7	-7.8	-1.0	0.7	-19.3	-5.0
Participation rate (trend series), October 2003 (%)	62.7	63.1	64.9	61.6	65.7	59.1	63.5
Job vacancy rate, August 2003 (%)	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.1	*1.1	1.3
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to August 2003 (days per '000 employees)	23	53	30	15	51	8	34
Wages and prices							
Average weekly full-time adult employees' total earnings (trend series) August 2003(\$)							
Males	1 096.70	1 043.10	972.10	954.40	1 068.00	912.00	1 044.30
Females	887.00	854.80	790.20	822.80	784.30	776.30	847.60
Persons	1 019.40	977.40	906.90	909.70	971.20	868.20	974.30
Average weekly full-time adult employees' total earnings, growth (trend), 12 months to Aug '03 (%)	6.1	5.8	6.3	7.0	5.9	3.3	6.2
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to September qtr 2003 (%)(b)	2.0	2.9	2.9	3.6	2.1	2.6	2.6
Building							
% change in the number of total dwelling units approved (original),							
 in the 12 months ended September 2003, over the same period previous year 	-2.8	-6.7	10.1	-2.8	5.8	11.2	_
 September 2002 to September 2003 	14.0	13.9	40.2	11.9	17.1	31.5	18.6
For footnotes see end of table.							continued

			70	00.10	00		
	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	Aust.(a)
Private investment and retail trade							
Where this indicator is measured in a survey, it will be prefaced with a question on satisfaction with levels of civic participation over the same period previous year (original)	6.7	13.5	23.1	29.0	19.4	-7.7	15.1
% change in trend estimates\nturnover of retail establishments, September 2003 (change from corresponding month\nof the previous year)	5.2	6.4	10.9	2.1	7.8	11.8	6.8
Transport							
% change in number of sales of new motor vehicles in the 12 months ended October 2003 over the same period previous year, (trend)(c)	5.6	8.4	14.0	16.4	11.3	13.3	9.2
Agriculture							
% change in the number of livestock slaughtered 12 months ended September 2003 over the same period previous year (original)							
Cattle and calves	-10.6	-11.7	4.8	-22.6	2.0	37.4	-4.1
Sheep and lambs	-38.7	-16.9	-51.6	-23.4	-8.3	9.5	-25.1
Tourism — room occupancy rates							
Hotels, motels & guest houses, & serviced apartments with facilities,— March quarter 2003 (%)	60.6	60.7	58.6	55.3	56.6	70.3	59.1
Australian National and State Accounts							
% change in Domestic (State) Final Demand(d), Chain Volume measures (trend series)							
Mar qtr 2003 to Jun qtr 2003	1.0	0.5	1.2	1.8	1.6	0.5	1.0
Jun qtr 2002 to Jun qtr 2003	4.7	3.3	5.6	6.5	8.2	3.4	5.0

⁽a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT, with the exception of Agriculture, which excludes both.

⁽b) CPI applies to state capitals.

⁽c) This data is new and replaces the Registration of New Motor Vehicles data. The Australian Bureau of Statistics is no longer collecting and disseminating statistics relating to the registration of new motor vehicles. For more information please refer to the paper Developments in New Motor Vehicle Statistics, 2001 (cat. no. 9313.0)

⁽d) Total of four types of expenditure: Private investment, Private consumption, Government investment, Government consumption.

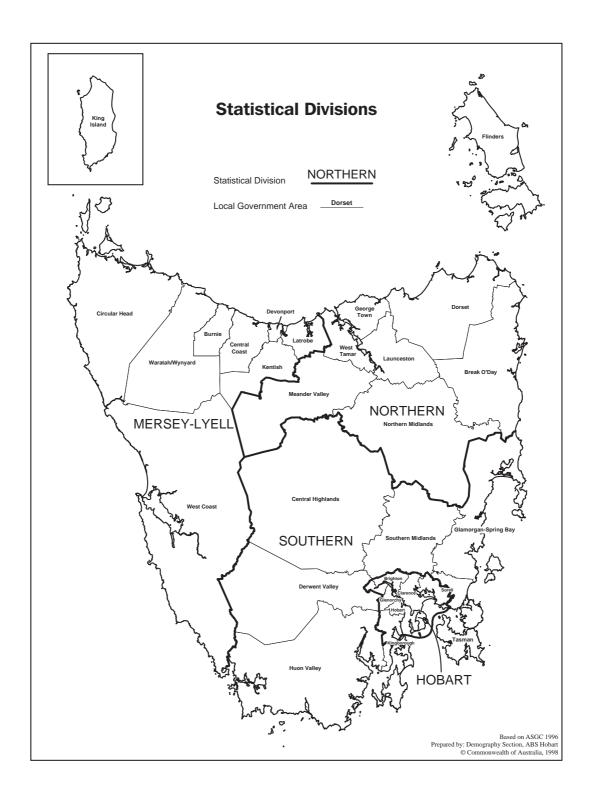
	Unit	Greater Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions	Northern Statistical Division	Mersey–Lyell Statistical Division	Tasmania
Area(a)	km ²	25 616	19 980	22 523	68 121
• •	1411	20 010	10 000	22 020	00 121
Population Estimated resident population, 20 June 2001	no.	231 854	133 115	106 826	471 795
Estimated resident population, 30 June 2001	no.	232 713	133 595	106 826	471 795
Estimated resident population, 30 June 2002 Births 2001(b)	no.	3 199	1815	1 397	6 430
Deaths 2001(b)	no.	1 827	1 148	884	3 876
	1101	1021	1110	001	0010
Labour force (original), October 2003	no.	101 100	62 700	45 600	209 400
Total unamplaced	no.	6 300	5 600	3 200	15 100
Total unemployed Unemployment rate	%	5.9	8.2	6.6	6.7
Participation rate	%	58.9	62.0	55.6	59.0
·	,,	33.3	02.0	33.3	33.3
Schools, 2002(c)	no.	98	58	58	214
Government	no.	33	17	16	66
Non-government Full-time students, 2002(c)	110.	33	Τ1	10	00
Government	no.	28 454	18 091	14 963	61 508
Non-government	no.	11 981	4 946	3 915	20 842
All schools	no.	40 435	23 037	18 878	82 350
Educational qualification, 2001 Census(d)					
Postgraduate degree level	no.	3 016	940	386	4 342
Graduate diploma and Graduate certificate level	no.	2 374	850	525	3 749
Batchelor degree level	no.	16 171	7 052	3 821	27 044
Advanced diploma and diploma level	no.	9 613	4 785	3 429	17 827
Certificate level	no.	25 715	15 463	12 953	54 131
Agriculture Establishments with agricultural activity, 2001–02					
season	no.	1 060	1 471	1 495	4 027
Total area of establishments	ha.	704 091	774 431	296 618	1 775 140
Crops, production, 2001-02 season					
Potatoes	tonnes	7 715	128 560	213 076	350 134
Onions	tonnes	_	18 022	44 942	62 975
Apples	tonnes	36 741	6 234	8 642	51 617
Barley	tonnes	8 765	16 065	1 608	26 438
Livestock, 2001–02 season		CO 055	100 001	004 000	424 774
Meat cattle	no.	60 255	169 631	201 886	431 771
Milk cattle	no.	4 389 1 452 094	79 489 1 753 403	103 182 174 135	187 060 3 379 632
Sheep and lambs	no.	1 331	13 277	3 177	17 785
Pigs Green value of agricultural production, 2001, 02	no. \$m	nya	nya	nya	903
Gross value of agricultural production, 2001–02	ΨΠ	riya	Tiya	Tiya	303
Building, 2002-03	20	1 01 4	E00	226	0.120
Total dwelling units approved	no.	1 214	588 84 036	336	2 138
Value of total residential building approved	\$'000	187 625		51 493	323 154
Value of total building approved	\$'000	281 778	137 297	97 597	516 671
Dwellings, Census 2001		100 07 1	F0 00=		005 515
Total dwellings	no.	102 374	59 307	46 364	208 046
Occupied private dwellings	no.	89 156	51 249	40 766	181 172
Fully owned	no.	35 777	21 570	17 984	75 331

⁽a) Source: Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment.

⁽b) Births and deaths are based on usual residence year of registration. Total Tasmania includes usual residence other than Tasmanian Statistical Divisions.

⁽c) Source: Tasmanian Department of Education and the Department of Education, Science and Training.

⁽d) From 2001 the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) (cat. no. 1272.0) replaced the ABS Classification of Qualifications (ABSCQ) (cat. no. 1262.0). For further information see ASCED.



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